# MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

# BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION

CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2015

Humphreys County Water Ass	sociation #5 - Woodyard
270021	
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water	Systems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Cor Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year.	ability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)  cal paper (attach copy of advertisement) h copy of bill)  IST Email the message to the address below)  6 /28 / 2016
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (	Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	e to the address below)
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other d	irect delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed:/	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email mess	
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of	f published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper:	
Date Published://	
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of location	ns) Date Posted: / /
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site	at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
public water system in the form and manner identified above SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this	and that I used distribution methods allowed by the is CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the
Guy Long, Operator Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	
Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700	May be faxed to: (601)576-7800
Jackson, MS 39215	May be emailed to:
CCR Due to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2016!	water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

# 2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Humphreys County Water Association

System #5 - Woodyard (ID 270021)

### Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. Last year, as in years past, your tap water met all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Mississippi State Department of Health drinking water standards. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

# Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

### Where does my water come from?

We buy our water from the City of Belzoni and their wells draw from the Sparta Sand Aquifer.

### Source water assessment and its availability:

Our source water assessment has been completed. Our well was ranked moderate in terms of susceptibility to contamination. A copy of this plan is available upon request.

# Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

#### Other information:

If you want additional information about your drinking water or have questions concerning this report, you may contact us at 247-4145. If you would like to attend one of our regular monthly meetings, please call for the date and time of our meetings.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", MS0270001 is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 0. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 0%.

### Additional Information for Lead:

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Humphreys County Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

# **Water Quality Data Table**

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in drinking water. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA and the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply require us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In the table below, you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

#### **TEST RESULTS**

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Contaminant	Violation	Date	Level	Range of	Unit	MCLG	MCL,	Likely Source of Contamination
	Yes	Sample	Detected	Detects or #	of	or	TT,	
	or	Collected	in	of Samples	Measure	MRDLG	or	
	No		Water	Exceeding			MRDL	
				MCL/ACL				
Inorganic Co	ntaminants							
Barium	No	2015	0.0079	0	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes;
						_	_	discharge from metal refineries;
								erosion of natural deposits
Copper	No	*2014	0.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing
			0.1	ľ	ppin	1.5	AL-1.3	systems; erosion of natural deposits;
								leaching from wood preservatives
Fluoride	No	2015	0.139	0	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water
					<b>[-</b> ]	,	•	additive which promotes strong teeth
		į						discharge from fertilizer and
								aluminum factories
Lead	No	*2014	0.003	0	ppm	0	AL=.015	Corrosion of household
		-						plumbing systems; erosion of
								natural deposits
Nitrate	No	2015	<0.08	0	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use;
	1	ĺ		1				Leaching from septic tanks,
	į	ļ		1				sewage; Erosion of natural
	- 1	-		1		1		deposits
Nitrite	No	2015	<0.02	0	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use:
	ł	}					·	Leaching from septic tanks,
	[	1	-			1		sewage; Erosion of natural
	ĺ	1		·	1	1		deposits
Disinfection I	3y-Produc	ts				L	···	- doposito
Chlorine	No	2015	1.40	1.10 – 1.80	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control
(as Cl2)	1 1		1	,,,,,	LE		•	microbes
TTHM [Total	No	2014	9.5	0	dqq	80	80	By-product of drinking water
•				-	~			chlorination
[rihalomethanes]	1		[					
HAA5	No	2014	11	0	ppb	60	60	By-product of drinking water
(Haloacetic Acids)	<u> </u>				f			disinfection

<sup>\*</sup> No samples required in calendar year 2015.

#### Terms and Abbreviations used in the Table

MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/1) ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/l) pCi/l: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

% of monthly positive samples: Percent of samples taken monthly that were positive

# of monthly positive samples: Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive

# **Humphreys County Water Association**

454 Parsonage Road Belzoni, MS 39038 662-247-4145

June 30, 2016

Bureau of Public Water Supply Attn: Charles Shultis P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

RE:

Certification of CCR Distribution

Dear Mr. Charles:

The Humphreys County Water Association has prepared the 2015 Consumer Confidence Reports for all 7 systems under Humphreys County Water Association management:

Humphreys County Water Assn. #1 - ID# 270018 Humphreys County Water Assn. #2 - ID# 270020 Humphreys County Water Assn. #3 - ID# 270019 Humphreys County Water Assn. #4 - ID# 270002 Humphreys County Water Assn. #5 - ID# 270021 Humphreys County Water Assn. #6 - ID# 270022 Humphreys County Water Assn. #7 - ID# 270024

Three water systems (ID# 270018, 270019, 270022) have a population greater than 500. The Consumer Confidence Reports for these three systems were published in the Belzoni Banner. The proof of publications will be mailed to you as soon as they arrive. The other 4 systems (ID# 270020, 270002, 270021, 270024) have a population less than 500, so we notified each customer that the Consumer Confidence Report was available upon request. This notice was printed on the back of the June 2016 water bill for all Humphreys County Water Association customers.

The Certification Forms, the Consumer Confidence Report, and a copy of the notice are enclosed for all 7 water systems.

If you need any additional information, please contact me at 662-247-4145 or email at guylongcpa@yahoo.com.

Sincerely,

Guy Long